

*Historical & every*

# The Shakopee Argus.

BY HENRY HINDS.

SHAKOPEE, MINN., MAY 7, 1868.

THE IMPEACHMENT.

The impeachment of President Johnson for the removal of Stanton from the office of Secretary of war, is the greatest and boldest political wrong ever attempted in this country. The trial by a prejudged Senate developed nothing new. The trial has ended and the case has been submitted to the Senate for their judgment of guilty or not guilty. The arguments of counsel were closed on Wednesday. It probably will be several days before the judgment of the Senate will be made known. The general opinion among the people of all parties is, that there is no grounds for a censure of the President for the removal of Stanton, and much less for impeachment. The general opinion of politicians is, that the President will be removed, not because he has committed any crime, but because the success of the republican party requires that the radicals should have control of the patronage of the government to carry the presidential election. Our own opinion is, that honest men enough will be found in the Senate to defeat the whole impeachment scheme.

BUSINESS OF DISTRICT COURT—APRIL TERM.

The only criminal case tried at this term of Court was that of the State of Minnesota against John Stieck, Wenfel Cholupka and Joseph Wrabec for an assault and battery on Frank Swaboda. The case was tried in a Justice court and each defendant fined \$25 and they appealed to the District. A trial was had by jury, and the evidence would seem clearly to indicate that the complaining witness Frank Swaboda was the assaulting party as he admitted he drew a revolver on the defendants, and it would appear they did no more than necessary to take the revolver from him. The jury were out all night, and next morning reported they could not agree and after some delay the jury were discharged. County Attorney for the State, Henry Hinds for defendant.

Henry Schnell against John Willendorf and wife. This case was tried a year ago and the jury having failed to agree, upon being called up it was settled by the parties. The defendants paid the plaintiff's claim, and the parties shared the costs. Henry Hinds for plaintiff, and Chatfield & Irwin for defendants.

Sarah L. Sherer against Thomas J. Duf. It was an action on a promissory note. The defendant claimed to be only an endorser and that he was discharged for want of notice. Trial by the court and judgment for the plaintiff for the amount claimed. John H. Brown and A. G. Chatfield for plaintiff and Henry Hinds for defendant.

Franz Jurgens against J. G. Butterfield. This was an action to foreclose the equities under a title bond. A decree for the relief prayed for was granted. Henry Hinds for plaintiff.

Marcella J. Norman against John S. Norman, was an action for a divorce upon the ground of the defendant's alleged disregard of marriage vows. A trial was had by the Court and a decree for a divorce granted. Henry Hinds for plaintiff.

Harriet M. Kates and James C. Kates against Jacob Thomas. This was an appeal from the judgment of a Justice Court upon questions of law. The plaintiff's attorney moved to dismiss the appeal and the motion was granted.—Henry Hinds for plaintiff and L. L. Baxter for defendant.

Joseph Thiem against John Hare and wife. This case was referred to A. G. Chatfield; John H. Brown for plaintiff and L. M. Brown for defendant.

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James L. Sly against C. T. Metzner, administrator &c., was appealed from the decree of the Probate Court. The defendant moved to set the decree aside for want of jurisdiction in the Probate Court to make the decree. The motion was granted.—Chatfield & Irwin for plaintiff and J. L. McDonald for defendant.

H. H. Hamann against John Hamann. This was the defendant's appeal from the judgment of a Justice of the Peace. Trial was had by a jury and a verdict was rendered in favor of the plaintiff for the amount of his claim. Henry Hinds for plaintiff and J. L. McDonald for defendant.

Mathias Winkelmann against Joseph Monroe. This was an appeal by the defendant from the judgement of a Justice of the Peace. The action was dismissed upon the defendant's attorney engaging to see half of the Justice's judgment paid. J. L. McDonald for plaintiff and Henry Hinds for defendant.

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SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1868.

Vol. 7.

No. 16.

IMPEACHMENT.

ARGUMENT OF THE PRESIDENT'S COUNSEL.

We make the following extract from the arguments of the President's counsel upon the impeachment.

MR. GROESBECK'S ARGUMENT.

In the conclusion of the great argument of Mr. Groesbeck he addressed the Senate as follows:

What shall be your judgement? What is to be your judgement, Senators, in this case? Removal from office and perpetual disqualification? If the President has committed that for which he should be ejected from office it was judicial mockery to stop short of the largest punishment you can inflict upon him. What is to be your judgement? What is his crime in its moral aspect to merit such a judgment? Let us look at it.

He tried to pluck a thorn out of his very heart, for the condition of things in the War Department, and consequently in his Cabinet, did pain him as a thorn in his heart.

You fastened it there, and now you are asked to punish it for acting beyond the bounds of its authority.

It was an action brought to recover cattle levied on under an execution. It was conceded

that there was no sufficient judgment to support the execution. A trial was had by jury and a verdict returned for \$30 damages in favor of plaintiff. J. L. MacDonald for plaintiff and J. W. Wiman for the defendant.

John Hamann against Henry Neitzens, Henry Hrann and Peter J. Bates. This was an action brought to recover cattle levied on under an execution. It was conceded

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Charles Beardle & Bro. against V. Ries and Son. This action was upon three promissory notes for some \$2,000. The case was tried a year ago and a verdict rendered in favor of the defendant. A case was made and settled, and the plaintiff now moved for judgment, notwithstanding the verdict. The motion was denied. The plaintiffs then moved for a new trial; this motion was also denied by the Court; J. H. Brown and A. G. Chatfield for plaintiff, Henry Hinds for defendant.

Beman Strattacker against J. A. Schwinger. This case came up on the defendant's motion for leave to serve an answer; the motion was granted. Chatfield & Irwin for plaintiff and Henry Hinds for defendant.

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# **BELINQUENT FAX LIST.**

## DELINQUENT

## TAX LIST.

Town of Bell Plain, Continued.

In whose name assessed. Description. Amount of taxes & charges.

Russell Fearing ne of sw. 461

Section Thirty-four.

In whose name assessed. Description. Amount of taxes & charges.

C P Newlin ne of sw. 12

do do 1

**Buy your Groceries, Provisions, etc., at the City Grocery Store of D. M. Storer, Shallowee.**

**WEDNESDAY EVENING, AT THE CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON,**

**NOTICE**  
**MONTHLY FAIR**  
**AT BELLE PLAINE**  
The First Saturday of every month, commencing  
**Saturday, May 2d, 1868.**  
Dated April 20, 1868.  
**BOROUGH COUNCIL.**  
P.S. Butchers and Drovers will find a large amount  
of stock at the above fair.

**Farm for Sale.**

RODERICK O'DOWD will sell his Farm  
situated on the south side of Shakopee,  
on the Spring Lake Road; contains 160 acres; 20  
acres under cultivation, 20 acres of good meadow; 80  
acres of timber; 15 acres fenced; good water, good log  
house, and cattle sheds. Will sell for \$1,000, per acre,  
per part cash, and balance on time.

**M. MAYER,**  
**Conveyancer.**  
— AND —  
**CLERK OF THE DIST. COURT.**  
Office at the Court House, Shakopee.

Will make Deeds and Mortgages, and  
all Legal papers. Will pay taxes and sell  
Real Estate on commission, &c. \$25.00

**FAIRBANKS'**  
**STANDARD**  
**SCALES.**  
OF ALL KINDS.  
FAIRBANKS' LEAF & CO.  
226 & 227 LAND ST., CHICAGO.  
311 1/2 MARKET ST. ST. LOUIS.  
Bearing fully only compensated

**MICHIGAN SOUTHERN &**  
**Lake Shore R. R. LINE.**  
TOLEDO & CLEVELAND.  
The only direct route to  
CLEVELAND, ERIE, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO  
and all principal points in

New York and New England.  
All the principal cities of the Northwest and  
Southwest of Chicago with the Long-Daily  
Express Train of the MICHIGAN RAILROAD,  
which connects with the Michigan Central Railway, Tickets Office  
and the Company's offices.

No. 35 Clark Street, Chicago.  
Geo. M. Gray,  
Genl. Pass. Agt. M. & L. S. Line, Chicago.  
Geo. M. Gray,  
Genl. West Pass. Agt. M. & L. S. Line, Chicago.

**HOTEL FOR SALE OR TRADE.**  
The Minnesota House, at Shakopee, will be **SOLD CHEAP,**  
or TRADED FOR A FARM. It is a large hotel, newly finished, in a good location, has a good Stone Barn, large yard, a good well of water, and a fine run of custom. Inquire at this office or of the owner, JAMES KEARNEY.

**M. SHEIRE & BRO., ARCHITECTS,**  
Office on Fifth Street, South of Jackson, on the Hill.  
**ST. PAUL, . . . . . MINN.**  
Plans, Specifications, and Details of Churches, School  
Buildings, Public Buildings, and Buildings of every de-  
scription, furnished on short notice.

**THE**  
**National Hotel,**  
**Shakopee, Minn.,**  
Is now open for the accommodation of the traveling  
public, and is the largest and best kept House in the  
**MINNESOTA VALLEY.**  
D. A. BROWN, Proprietor.

**NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.**  
Name of Mortgagor—Charles Hartmann and Ann Hartmann, his wife, of Scott County, Minnesota.

Name of Mortgagor—Catharine Schrantz, of Scott County, Minnesota.

Date of Mortgage—October 19th, A. D. 1865.

Baird Mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Scott County, at four o'clock in the afternoon of the 19th day of October, A. D. 1865, in Book 10, Mortgage, page 362.

The Description of the mortgaged premises is Lot Three in Block Three, is the plot of Shakopee City, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Scott, State of Minnesota, situated lying and being in the said County of Scott.

Baird Mortgage was made to secure the payment of the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, plus interest at six per cent, payable in one year from date, according to the promissory note to the said Charles Hartmann, payable to the said Catharine Schrantz; and bearing even date with said mortgage.

No Actions or proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the sum secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

The Amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, including the sum due on the sum of Five Hundred and Thirty-one Dollars and sixty-five Cents, together with the sum of ten dollars solicitor's fee secured to be paid by said mortgagee.

Now THEREFORE, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and recorded therewith and of the provisions of the Statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgagee is hereby authorized by the Sheriff of said County of Scott, at his office, to be made at the front door of the Court House in Shakopee in said County of Scott, State of Minnesota, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 13th day of June, in the year 1868, and the proceeds of such sale will be applied to the payment of the sum then due on said note and mortgage, and the costs and charges of foreclosing and said sum of ten dollars solicitor's fees provided by said mortgage to be paid out of the proceeds of such sale.

Dated April 20th, 1868.

CATHARINA SCHRANTZ,

HENRY HINDS, Mortgagee.

JACOB THOMAS, Sheriff of Scott County, Minnesota.

## TOWN AND COUNTY.

SHAKOPEE, MAY 7, 1868.

### Shakopee Market.

	\$6.00 to \$8.00
Hay—per ton,	6.00 to 8.00
Pork—per hundred,	1.75 to 1.80
Wheat—per bushel,	95 to 1.00
Corn—“ “ “	3.00 to 3.50
Wood—dry, per cord,	1.00
Lime—per barrel,	1.00

### M. V. R. R. Time Table.

#### LEAVES SHAKER.

Morning Express, (Up).....100 A. M.

Evening Accommodation, (Down).....11:30 P. M.

Morning Accommodation, (Up).....12:30 P. M.

Evening Express, (Down).....3:30 P. M.

#### LEAVES ST. PAUL.

Morning Accommodation, (Up).....1:30 A. M.

Evening Express, (Down).....6:00 P. M.

#### ARRIVES AT ST. PAUL.

Morning Accommodation, (Up).....11:30 A. M.

Evening Express, (Down).....6:00 P. M.

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#### LEAVES ST. PAUL.

## The Shakopee Argus.

BY HENRY HINDS.

SHAKOPEE..... MAY 14, 1868

SOLDIERS OF MINNESOTA,

CALL FOR A CONVENTION AT ST. PAUL ON THE TENTH OF JUNE.

To Elected Delegates to the New York Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention.

At the meeting of the National Central Executive Committee and State and Territorial Auxiliary Executive Committees, appointed as the National Convention of Union soldiers and sailors at Cleveland, 1866, held in Washington Feb. 22nd last, it was

Resolved, That a delegate convention of all soldiers and sailors who served faithfully in the Union army during the late rebellion, who are in favor of the constitution of the United States, and Judge Black was his principal counsel and that the Judge was also attorney for the Alta Vela claimants. One of the noblest acts of Johnson's life is, that he peremptorily refused to yield to these men, and to swear, from the path of his duty, even in the face of the perils that surrounded him. It will be remembered, that the impeachment resolution, which passed Feb. 24th, that the articles of impeachment were laid before the Senate March 7; that the same were voted upon March 13, and were referred to the President on March 7. On the 24th of March the letter to Shaffer was signed by Butler, Logan and Moorehead, and was delivered to the President by Judge Black's son; on the 16th of March a copy of the same letter was delivered to the President by Judge Black's son; then his counsel, and on the 18th, Judge Black, who had been on the defense in the impeachment, because the President refused to act in the Alta Vela matter, 13 days ago now, of communicating further upon this transaction, by which it appears that the principal prosecutors of the President are taking advantage of their position to gain time, and to delay the trial of the case, in order to cover his assistance in the scheme. And failing in their scheme, it is to be wondered at that they have since abandoned the prosecution with a virulence of that evidently exists more of personal vindictiveness than devotion to the public interest?

MISSES AS IT IS.—We have received the prospectus of a new work to be issued during the month of July, entitled "Minnesota as it is," and to be published by J. W. McClellan, of St. Paul. It will be an octavo volume of over 300 pages, contains a township map of the State, and is handsomely bound and illustrated with numerous engravings; give accurate descriptions of every town and city, and official and reliable statistics of their resources and advantages. Among other things, it will give a list of government lands in each county still open by homestead claim or otherwise, obtained officially from the land offices to the latest dates, an official description of the soil, timber, water courses and general topography of each township in all the counties; also the price of will and improved lands, rents, rents, wages, taxes, amount of business in each town, statistics of the different churches, schools, parishes, &c., assessed property, ratio of different nationalities in each county, information about the gold mines and other mineral resources of the State, together with much other information.

The book will be sold only by subscription, and at the following rates: Single copies, \$2; five copies, \$13; ten copies, \$24; twenty copies, \$35. At purchase's expense by express or mail. It will be placed in the hands of agents at liberal discount.

THE ALTA VELA SWINDLE.—The Alta Vela is a small island situated near St. Domingo. It has always been claimed by the depositors of gold situated on it. This island has always been claimed by St. Domingo, but there are no inhabitants living on the island. Some years ago an American citizen entered upon the island and laid claim to the deposits of gold. The government of St. Domingo ejected the intruder and therefore he made claim of some \$50,000 dollars and sued our government to enforce his claim against the government of St. Domingo. The claims were so absurd that our government gave no attention to it, and we waited for years until the commencement of the impeachment trial. About the time the impeachment was presented to the Senate the leaders in the impeachment scheme undertook to force the President to send a war vessel to Alta Vela to take possession of this island of Alta Vela, and to enforce the claim of damages on the government of St. Domingo. This claim of damages under the impeachment theory had grown from a few thousand dollars to \$3,000,000. Thus the share of the impeachment theories in this swindle would have been about \$500,000 each. Judge Black being then the President's chief counsel, it was thought that by the influence of his counsel and the terror of impeachment held over his head, he would be induced to enforce this bogus claim of \$3,000,000 upon the weak government of St. Domingo and take possession of Alta Vela.

From the manner in which the Alta Vela swindle was held before the President and sought to be enforced by the joint action of Judge Black and the impeachment managers, it is fair to presume their intention was if the President consented to use the power of the government to enrich themselves, that the impeachment trial would be managed on their part so as to end in favor of the President. Let us, however, search to be used himself, or not use the power of government as a tool it is certain that Judge Black refused to continue to act as counsel for the President and that the managers of the impeachment have prosecuted the President with all the vindictive hate that human nature is capable of.

We give below the statement of facts in the language of another.

If such an outrage as this Alta Vela swindle had been perpetrated a quarter of a century ago, it would have confounded, not only the authors of it, but the whole world, and all the world over. The fact that such a base attempt to influence the President of the United States to do an act for the benefit of private parties, regardless of the public interest, and under the pressure of threatened impeachment, scarce creates a ripple on the surface of our political life, is an awful evidence of the degraded condition of American society morally, socially, and politically. Here is the language of Logan, Butler and Bingham and some other leading members of the House, writing in a letter to Col. Shaffer, a few days after the impeachment articles were laid before the Senate, and asserting that the title of certain United States citizens to Alta Vela was clear and indisputable according to the law of nations, and ought to be maintained. This letter was laid before President Lincoln, Charles Black Esq., son and private Judge Black, was formerly Chief of Staff to Gen. Butler, and is now employed by Black Jr., as attorney to press the claim upon Congress. The scheme

# Shakopee Argus.

Vol. 7.

SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1868.

No. 17.

## STANLEY'S Eighteenth Annual GIFT SALE!

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE  
Thousand Dollars Worth of  
Valuable First-Class Property

TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO

TICKET HOLDERS  
RESPERSON'S BRICE BLOCK  
FOR FOUR DOLLARS!

THE most successful and only genuine and reliable  
Ticket in the Union.

LICENSING BY STATE'S AGREEMENTS.

GRAND CONCERT

At Tremont's Opera House, La Crosse,  
Wis., July 4, 1868.

Tickets \$1, admitting the holder to Grand Concert and  
admission of \$2500 Cash Value.

ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS EACH!

Please see our Trade Stores and Offices, and  
with the greatest care computing the valuable and  
productive property known as Resperson's, now  
of technical business located on State Street, St. Paul.

MISSOURI AS IT IS.—We have received

the prospectus of a new work to be issued

during the month of July, entitled "Missouri as it is," and to be published by J. W. McClellan, of St. Paul. It will be an octavo volume of over 300 pages, contains a town-

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still open by homestead claim or otherwise,

obtained officially from the land offices to

the latest dates, an official description of

the soil, timber, water courses and general

topography of each township in all the re-

cent surveys; also the price of will and

improved lands, rents, wages, taxes, amount

of business in each town, statistics of the

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—THURSTON RECKNOWLEDGES THAT RE-

PUBLICISM IS TERRIBLE. He says: "Large

cities, like Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston,

Cincinnati, San Francisco and Rochester

have been worsted from our grasp. Nor is

any other state have faltered by the

way and withdrawn their support from the

Republican party. New York, instead of

helping in the republican column, withes

under the influence of a fifty thousand Democ-

ratic majority, Pennsylvania, California,

Connecticut and New Jersey, and to enforce

the claim of damages on the government of St. Domingo. This intruder and therefore he made claim of some \$50,000 and sued our

government to enforce his claim against the

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session of Alta Vela.

—THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL, in a very

lengthy and exhaustive article recently

published on the condition and prospects of

the grain markets of Europe concludes as

follows:

"The peculiarity of the appearance was

that the cloud which repeatedly darkened

the sky, seemed to come from no part of

the compass in particular, but appeared

suddenly to envelop the entire face of na-

ture in its cold shadow. It dis-

persed in the same manner, none being able

to tell whether it want or whence it came.

It was almost as sudden as the extinguis-

hing of a gas light within the room, and the

accompanying sensation of cold and damp-

ness which pervaded the atmosphere, like

breath from a tomb, lent horror to the scene

and caused many to tremble who are not

suspicious.

—THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL, in a very

lengthy and exhaustive article recently

published on the condition and prospects of

the grain markets of Europe concludes as

follows:

"Time, as we before said, will solve this

question, but our impression is that it is

now in the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Illi-

nois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana,

Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana,



# DEFECTIVE PAGE







## Miscellany.

BY FLORENCE PERCY.

**LITTLE FEET.**  
Two little feet so small that they may nestled  
In one earthen urn, the unfurled border  
Two tender feet upon the unfurled border  
Of Life's mysterious land:

Dimpled and soft, and pink as peach tree blossoms  
In April's fragrant days—

How can they walk among the briery tufts,  
The briery edges of the briery ways?

These white little feet along the doubtful paths—  
Most bear a woman's load;

Alas! since woman has the heaviest burden,

—

Love, for a while, will make the path before them  
All dainty, smooth and fair;

Will call away the briarries, letting only

But when the mother's watchful eyes are shrouded  
And these dear feet are left without her guiding,

Who shall direct them then?

How will they be allured, betrayed, deluded,  
Into what odious nurseries will they wander?

What dangers will they meet?

Will they go stumbling blindly into it?—it is—take it away!

It sears my eyeballs and freezes my young blood,  
And uttering a Fennian war-cry in the

unfortunate youth sank to the earth in spasms.

It's terrible medicine," muttered the good genius to himself, "but must take use."

Quinine, the bitter—calomel isn't as pleasant to the taste as the peacock's feathers, but all goes merrily as a marriage bell.

There is a preacher—I know not which, and black cloots sit with his neck-chercher,

The hungry look he eyes, and anon slings through the door which opens into the dining room where the refreshments are."

"Go on."

"A pair enter—it is—they are here!"

One pair, two pairs, three who are who?

Women a loop of troupe—

Who find their journey full of pain and losses,

And long to reach the end.

How shall it be with her, the tender stranger,

Before whom unstrung falls the world's rude highway.

Stretches so strange and wide?

Ah! who may read the future? For our darling

And pray that He who feels the crying raven

Will guide the baby's feet.

—Lady's Friend.

## THE MAGIC MIRROR.

BY JOHN THOMAS.

Ali Hassan was a young Persian of twenty-one. Life was all before him, except the twenty-one years he had skipped light-footed over (which were necessarily behind him), and matters and things had, in his eyes, a rosate hue. Just of age, he had cast his first vote, and consequently had an idea that he was of the world, and sat on his shoulders, handsome, he fancied all the blooming maidens of the township in which he lived, and the country adjoined were to love him. He was the half-oil peroxide of the world, that prided itself when young men pay particular attention to tooth-brushes, not on account of cleanliness (which is truly next door neighbor to godliness, and on the same side of the street); but for the looks of the thing; at the precise age when they part their hair behind and wear number seven hairs, when number tens would be more comfortable.

Ali Hassan was of course in love—who saw a young man of twenty-one who wasn't? To one the idea of herself was to see her to be the most beautiful female in Persia, which is saying a great deal for her. Her eyes were like stars; her hair was masses of wavy curls, which, had she lived in this day of false hair, would have had a handkerchief tied around them, and why go into particular?—Said Ali, a well-proportioned girl, and her father had a farm of 160 acres, half under improvement and the other half timbered.

Ali and Zobidee were engaged. He had been to many meetings and lectures; he had taken her sleeping-talking two winters; and, finally, after a vigorous siege, she had capitulated. The old man's consent was reluctantly gained, and the happy day which was to unite them once came.

Ali Hassan was a happy youth. He revelled in dreams of bliss continually. When he retired at night, his last thought was of Zobidee—in the still watches of the night his younger brother, Eben Hassan, who had been sent to school to be educated to "his kin," out, as he expressed it, because of his disturbing his slumbers by calling out in his sleep the name of "Zobidee!" (Eben offering in justification, that because he was to be shortly married, he had no call to make a cussed fool of himself) and his first thought, as he pulled on his pants in the morning, was of Zobidee now?

"Respected sir!" said Ali Hassan, "whoever you are, tell me, oh, tell me! is this which I have heard on chapters in the big papers?"

"My son, it is. She whom you call Zobidee has a head on her shoulders and a full of her own, and money. Who can manage her can take a city or rule an empire. She wants to marry in a high and dignified way, because (pardon me if I fatter you) you are a fool. She knew she would be able to boss her with less wear and tear of temper than she could a man less a fool. Following that strategy, she sent me a note, and I made up my mind to fight it out on that line, she discarded because she deemed him more a fool than I. I think she was mistaken, but let that pass. We will not here argue that point again." And, with a mock-serious face, better than he could paint—"I'll thank you for Zobidee now?"

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"I see a cabin in the suburbs, with a scullery woman banging her children about like old hoots. Outside, lying in the sun, and overcome with the strong waters of the Glauber. I see a man, and—"

"It's an allegory, my son. Look again, and see the solution."

The store-keeper's trade is light and his profit small; he is working hard in his store while Zobidee is leaving the house clad in profuse and fine linen. I see the point of the allegory again."

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"I see a cabin in the suburbs, with a scull





## GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY

### Washington News.

Fractional currency issued for the week ending May 16, \$48,500; destroyed, \$367,700; National Bank notes issued, \$107,320.

General Grant and Speaker Colfax were received in Washington on the 23d, and received the congratulations of their party friends on their nominations.

The President has informed the Senate that the total amount of money paid into the Treasury, as the proceeds of confiscated property held under the act of July 17, 1862, is \$12,968,000, besides \$5,326,500 for property confiscated in the District of Columbia.

John Naglee has brought suit against Secretary Stanton for trespass, laying his damages at \$50,000. The plaintiff in his declaration sets forth that on the 14th of May, 1865, he was the owner and in peaceful possession of a farm in Prince William county, Va.; that the defendant, acting under and by authority of the power vested in him, caused an officer of the cavalry of the United States, to enter on his farm and turn him away, whereby he lost the use of said farm during the cropping season of 1865, and lost a large number of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c.

### The West.

Seth W. Payne, who is walking from New York city to San Francisco, arrived in Cheyenne on the 18th.

General I. N. Haynie, Adjutant General of Illinois, died at his residence in Springfield on the afternoon of the 21st.

All the letters in the through mail from Chicago to Freeport, Ill., were stolen from the depot in the latter city on the morning of the 20th.

Treaties have been made with the Crow Indians, with the Cheyennes, all of the Brutes, some of the Ogalahs and the Arapahoes.

On the 19th, the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention assembled in Chicago, and the Republican National Convention met in the same city on the 20th.

Alaska dates to April 29th report the weather quite pleasant. The snow was quite good. There were a number of arrivals and departures, and business was quite brisk.

Letters from Sweetwater, dated the 4th of May, state that seven men have been killed by the Indians at Whisky Pass, and the general belief was that the Indians would cause trouble there this summer. A Springfield, Ill., telegram of the 19th, says a very subtle and fatal disease is raging among the cattle in that vicinity. Over one hundred head have fallen victim to it within the last few days. It usually carries off its victims in a few hours without any premonitory warnings, and although considerable skill has been brought to bear upon it, it yields to no remedy. Its name and nature had not yet transpired.

The Republican National Convention, in session in Chicago on the 20th and 21st, nominated General Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, for President, by a unanimous vote, on the first ballot, and Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, for Vice President, on the last ballot. The balloting for Vice President was as follows: First ballot—Wade, 149; Fenton, 132; Wilson, 119; Colfax, 118; Curtis, 52; Hamlin, 30; Speed, 32; Harlan, 16; Cresswell, 14; Kellogg, 6. Second ballot—Wade, 172; Colfax, 147; Fenton, 144; Wilson, 111; Curtis, 45; Hamlin, 30. Third ballot—Wade, 178; Colfax, 144; Fenton, 139; Wilson, 101; Curtis, 40; Hamlin, 25. Fourth ballot—Wade, 204; Colfax, 186; Fenton, 144; Wilson, 87; Hamlin, 25. Fifth ballot—Colfax, 522; Fenton, 75; Wade, 41; Wilson, 11. Mr. Colfax, having received a majority of all the votes, his nomination was made unanimous.

### Foreign Intelligence.

A Vienna dispatch of the 30th says the Emperor has given his assent to the law establishing the legal equality of religious sects.

A dispatch from Rome states that the Pope has invited the Roman Catholic Bishops of the United States to raise a thousand volunteers for the Papal army, authorizing them to make such terms with respect as they may deem necessary and proper.

The case of Home, the Spiritualist, has been decided by the Court of Chancery, at London. The decision requires Home to repay Mrs. Lyons the sum of £60,000 and costs, on the ground that undue influence and hallucination, engendered by him, induced her course of action.

### The East.

The net proceeds of the fair in aid of the Cretans, recently held in Boston, were \$21,000.

The Massachusetts Democratic State Convention met at Worcester on the 20th, and selected delegates to the National Convention.

Military preparations were going on in Canada on the 20th. A Montreal telegram says the various battalions of volunteer militia had received orders to hold themselves in readiness for immediate service.

Judge Brady, of New York city, has decided the "Kelly North American Gift Concert," to be an unmitigated swindle, and ordered a perpetual injunction restraining the firm from receiving letters directed to them. He also said that he would restrain the publication of *Kelly's Weekly*, an illustrated paper, if, on examination, it proved, as he believed it to be, in the interest of the concern.

### The South.

The General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church, Old School, convened in Baltimore on the 21st, and consisted of 100 delegates from the Southern and Border States.

Rumors were recently in circulation that Governor Brownlow was lying at the point of death. This was all a mistake, as a late dispatch from Knoxville says that the Governor's health is better than usual.

A Savannah dispatch says it is understood the Georgia Legislature will sit composed of three parties, Democrats, Radicals and Conservative Independents. The latter hold the balance of power.

### Impeachment.

The Court opened at 10 o'clock on the 18th. An order was adopted that the House be notified that the Senate was sitting as a Court of Impeachment, after which the order directing the reading of

any question which he considers im-

proper. The eleventh article first was agreed to 19 to 19. The article was read, and the question of a vote as to the guilt of the accused as charge in the article. The vote was as follows:

*Gould*—Anthony, Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Coopersmith, Crandall, Drake, Egan, French, Gwinnett, Hart, Martin, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill (Me.), Morrill (Vt.), Morris, Muller, Parker, Pease, Pomeroy, Sawyer, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Willey, Williams, Wilson, Yule.

*Not Guilty*—Bayard, Bucknall, Davis, Dixson, Donisthorpe, Fowler, Green, Hart, Hinman, Hinckley, Hindle, Johnson, McCrory, Norton, Patterson (Tenn.), Ross, Salisbury, Trumbull, Vinton, Walker.

The Chief Justice announced the result, stating that the President was acquitted, on the 11th article. A motion was made to adjourn to the 29th, which the Chairman of the Committee on Impeachment division accepted from and overruled—30 to 24. The motion to adjourn to the 29th was then adopted—32 to 21.

Senator Henderson was examined by the Management on the 20th. He said the Missouri delegation called on him and urged him to support the present trial.

He rejected this view, and informed them that his duties were judicial, and not political. Some feeling arose, when, under the excitement of the moment, Mr. Henderson said he would support the trial. He was then informed that his course would be wholly inadmissible, and he so informed the members. He said he did not believe the members intended corruptly to influence his vote. He thought they had taken a false and erroneous view of the matter, and that the election of a self-educated man, whom he would like to see elected to the Senate, was a mistake, as they are evidently graduates of the distinguished "School for Scoundrels."

The prayers of the Methodist Conference on Friday, that Senate might be guided by Providence in its decision, seem to have been answered on yesterday, by the practical acquittal of the President. The efficacy of prayer is wonderful—sometimes—*Chicago Times*.

The Chicago *Times* is authorized by the management of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway to state that delegates to the National Democratic Convention will be passed over that road free, both going and returning. The liberality is a good example to other railroads everywhere.

—Little Benny—

Little Benny Butter  
Sat up in his chair,  
Looking o'er the table,  
Thinking o'er his fare.

On each side of Benny  
Carcasses a spoon was tossed;  
To catch it with both hands,  
And so they were crossed.

—The Fenians are holding a series of State Conventions for the purpose of reorganizing and to raise funds wherewith to carry out their projects. A convention will be held in Boston on June 10.

—An official dispute is related to the shooting of Prince Alfred says the ball entered his back half an inch from the spine, struck the ninth rib, lodged five inches from the heart, and four inches and a quarter beneath the right nipple, having traversed a distance of twelve inches and a quarter.

—It is stated that T. D'Arcy McGee, at his last election took the temperature pledge and kept it faithfully, but declined to go into the polls. He was asked to give an opinion on the subject until he should have given himself a trial of at least a year. His death before the expiration of that space is believed to have deprived the cause of temperance of most influential advocate.

—It is proposed that a Congressional election in Arizona will take place on June 3. John A. Rawlins, the Democratic candidate, and Gov. McCormick the independent Republicans.

—Not a single divorce has ever been granted in South Carolina since its settlement. The new Constitution, however, contains a section providing for the legal separation of dissatisfied husbands and wives.

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## Miscellany.

### THE SONG OF LABOR.

Pause not to dream of the future before us,  
Pause not to weep that the wild cares that come o'  
Hark! how creation's deep, mused charms,  
Unintermitting, goes my infant hours.  
Labor is sweet; the sun's clear lightings;  
Only the waving wing changes and brightens;  
Idle hearts only the dim fancies, which is forgiven.  
To him who labors, every curse, which is forgiven.  
  
Labor is woe! the cabin is shaggy;  
Labor is woe! the wild haw is ringing;  
Listen! that eloquent whisper, up-sweat;  
Spear the wild hawk, the Nature's green  
heart?  
From the wild cloud flows the life-giving shower;  
From the wild hawk, the soft-breathing shower;  
From the wild insect, the strong coral bower!  
Only in the plain, the sun, ever shines.  
  
Labor is life—it is the still water-fall;  
Idleness ever despatched, heedless;  
Play the sweet keys, woe! wouldst then keep them?  
Never a ocean wave fails in flowing;  
Ever the pure wind about us is blowing;  
More and more rich blooms the rose-heart in growing.  
  
More and more brilliant the full-blooming moon.  
  
Labor is rest, from the sorrows that greet us;  
Rest, from the vexations that meet us;  
Rest, from sun-promptings that ever eat us;  
Rest, from world-sorrows that last to blow us;  
Work, that shall float over care's coming bower;  
Work, that shall wear "neath woe's weeping bower.  
  
Work, with a stout heart and resolute will!  
Labor is wealth; the queen's robe from the frayed floor.  
From the light and shade, the cold and warmth;  
The dark and light, the marble block piles;  
Labor is health! Lo! the husbandman reaping,  
How through his veins the gelid life-blood flows;  
How the strong arms, in its stalwart pride, sweep-  
ing.  
True as a sunbeam the swift gildes!  
Drop not, though shame, sin and anguish are  
round thee!  
Bravely, then, off the cold chain that bound  
thee! Look to your bosom, saugher beyond thee!  
Heavily laden in the darkness—dost thou  
Work for some grand, he it ever so slowly.  
Cherish some flower, he it even so lowly;  
Labour all labor is nothing else!

### TREASURE TROVE.

"Don't fret, Jennie, lass; you shall have the ear-rings, and something else for a filled purse, or whatever you may find."

Jennie came slowly forward, and rested her hand on her father's shoulder as she glanced listlessly over the wares which the peddler spread before her.

"I don't want the ear-rings nor the tucker that's worrying about, observed the mother, glancing up sharply from her inspection of a gay chintz. "She's taking on about that lad, Frank Duncan, who, neighbor Burnwell told us, is to leave the day after tomorrow to seek his fortune, as he does."

"And I hope he'll find it," said the farmer, gravely. "He's a good enough lad, and I'd have nothing to say against him if he'd give less time to the Hallelujahs, opening the bureau to take out his hundred dollars for deposit in the Logansville bank, found the tin box and the walled safe, but the money all gone.

Another Southern journal, admitting what the peddler never came back for the lost garment. And it was understood that he had given less time than he had allowed for his restoration of those rights and privileges which are essential to the purity of the Union. Regarding the question of Union as settled by the result of the war, it believes that all prevailing differences will be removed by the Constitution without the supremacy of the Confederacy and a co-operation for mutual good. Still another Southern journal, of which the accomplished most in the South, is the Radical, located at Decatur, Georgia, for restoration of those rights and privileges which are essential to the purity of the Union. Regarding the question of Union as settled by the result of the war, it believes that all prevailing differences will be removed by the Constitution without the supremacy of the Confederacy and a co-operation for mutual good.

Yet, some time after, neighbor Burwell, in a paper in the city, gave a description of a noted burglar who had broken out of prison, and for some weeks past had baffled the detectives, remarked that he and the peddler must be either the same man, or the same person.

"I will come back for it, perhaps," thought the girl; and she took it carefully on a nail in the upper entry closet.

But the peddler never came back for the lost garment. And it was understood that he had given less time than he had allowed for his restoration of those rights and privileges which are essential to the purity of the Union.

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Such a thing as this is the first to occur in the history of our country, and it is a great calamity.

"It's too good to throw away," said Jennie. "Suppose I take the long skirt and make a petticoat for old Peggy Burns; it is lined with cotton, and will make a good garment for a winter."

So Jennie took the coat in her room and sat down to rip and re-fashion the old garment.

She thought of Frank—he was always thinking of him now—and wondered whether he could make the five hundred dollars. Oh, that five hundred dollars.

"I've no change," he replied to some remark of his wife. "They're all tens and twenties—only one hundred and twenty-five dollars in all." He added, in a tone of some satisfaction, "I'll do the best I can, and if the crop this year, if the crop turns out well, you shall have something better than that chintz, Hetty, for Christmas—and then, too."

The peddler's small black eyes glared furiously at the notes as the farmer smoothed them out upon his knee and replaced them.

"Here's a hundred, clear, for the bank," he observed, as he tied the wallet securely with its red tape string. "I'll take it to Logansville, Thursday. Mollie, Hetty, put up the little box."

Mrs. Hallet deposited the wallet carefully in a tin box and replaced the box in the bureau-drawer, which she locked, in the back of the door itself.

Jennie having selected her ear-rings and a piece of lace for a "tucker," sat down to sew the latter on the neck of her best blue delaine dress. There was to be a "bee" at neighbor Burnwell's on Saturday, and a dance, and a party, and a great many people would go, for she knew that Frank Duncan was to be there, and this would be their last meeting before he departed to "seek his fortune" in the city.

Poor girl! it was her first sorrow; and we all know how hard it is for a young girl to bear it.

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Mrs. Hallet deposited the wallet carefully in a tin box and replaced the box in the bureau-drawer, which she locked, in the back of the door itself.

Jennie having selected her ear-rings and a piece of lace for a "tucker," sat down to sew the latter on the neck of her best blue delaine dress. There was to be a "bee" at neighbor Burnwell's on Saturday, and a dance, and a party, and a great many people would go, for she knew that Frank Duncan was to be there, and this would be their last meeting before he departed to "seek his fortune" in the city.

Poor girl! it was her first sorrow; and we all know how hard it is for a young girl to bear it.

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## TOWN AND COUNTY.

SHAKOPEE, MINN., MAY 24, 1868.

### Shakopee Market.

Hay—per ton.	\$6.00 per \$6.00
Wheat—per bushel.	1.50 to 1.75
Corn.	55 to 59 1/2
Wood-dry, per cord.	3.00 to 3.50
Lime—per barrel.	1.00

M. V. R. R. Time Table.

Leave Shakopee.	Arrive St. Paul.
Morning Express, (10 A. M.)	10:00 A. M.
Evening Accommodation, (12 M.)	10:00 A. M.
Morning Accommodation, (12 M.)	10:00 A. M.
Evening Express, (12 M.)	10:00 P. M.
Leave St. Paul.	10:00 A. M.
Morning Express, (10 A. M.)	10:00 A. M.
Evening Accommodation, (12 M.)	10:00 P. M.
Arrives at St. Paul.	10:00 A. M.
Morning Accommodation, (12 M.)	10:00 P. M.

Wool! Wool!—As the wool season is now approaching, I wish to call the attention of all those having wool to dispose of, that I shall be in the Market and prepared to pay the highest market price in cash—I shall be happy to have every one interested in wool to give me a call, as I think I can make it an object for them to do so.

Respectfully,

W. G. BRIGGS.

A runaway occurred on Second St. on Monday. Mr. Robert Irvine was passing along the street near the depot when the morning train was standing on the track. His team became frightened and ran to the fence to Spier Spencer's yard, and made the pickets fly and took several rods of the fence along.

"Good Food for the Mind."—The "Phrenological Journal" for June, serves up a most nutritious kind of mental fare—Among its leading characters are George Hall, first Mayor of Brooklyn; Plinias Stanton, Artist; Governor Isaac Murphy; J. G. Hoofland ("Timothy Titcomb"); King Theodore; Thomas D'Arcy Magee, with portraits; biographical and phenological sketches; Philosophy of Dreaming and Insanity; Mr. Beecher's Philosophy; The Art of Dreaming; Young Men; Waiting for the Press; Abaya, and its People, etc. End of volume 47. A new volume begins with the next number, July, \$3.00 a year or 30 cents, No. Published by S. R. Wells, 329 Broadway, N. Y.

The World at Home continues its regular visits. It is a popular magazine published by Evans & Co., 814 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, at \$8.00 per year.

The firm of Holton & Harkens has dissolved. Mr. Holton resides and Mr. Harkens continues the business at the old stand. We have not learned what pursuit Mr. Holton intends to follow, but we presume so fine a business man does not intend to retire from the business arena at his season of life. Mr. Harkens is one of our oldest and most widely known citizens, full of energy and reliable in his business engagements. If Madam Romeo is correct, he will, in a certain contingency, need a partner next winter.

INTERNAL REVENUE AND ADVERTISING.—The largest income in the State of New Hampshire is that of Chas. A. Gillis proprietor of "Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer"—\$87,000. The sales of this article is truly enormous exceeding that of all other compounds for the hair combined. The great secret of this immense demand and singular success is owing to the extensive publicity given to it through the newspapers. The Wholesale Agency and advertising of these goods has for the past three years been under the management of Cook, Coburn & Co., the well known Newspaper Advertising Agents, of Chicago; hence the result.

The above item only confirms an old adage—"Success is the result of judicious advertising." A word to the wise is sufficient.

Several hundred shade trees have been planted in the Shakopee Cemetery this Spring, and they now appear in very fine condition and present a beautiful appearance.

The foundation for the new School House of District Number One, has been laid. The new building is to be erected on the same lot where the old one stands. It is to be a one story frame building and to be completed in time for the Fall term of school.

The sales of the great dry goods house of Fieh, Loeffler & Co., for the year ending May 1st, reaches the large sum of \$75,847.00 which exceeds that of any other house here over two and a quarter millions, and is surpassed in New York by only two houses. It is larger than any four houses in St. Louis or Cincinnati. Chicago has just reason to be proud of such enterprise.—[Chicago Tribune, May 17th.]

The weather had become very dry, but a refreshing rain fell on Monday afternoon. It was much needed and will do a world of good.

The annual sale of Lands for the non-payment of taxes will commence on Monday and continue during the week.—There will be two years time given to redeem the land sold at tax sale.

The increasing demand for METAL TIRRAH Shoes, both Silver and Copper, the former being extensively used on fine shoes, shows conclusively that the public appreciate their value. It is astonishing that any parent should buy any other, as they save half the expense in keeping children supplied with shoes.—[N. Y. Post.]

We have on our table the "list of Premiums, and the Rules and Regulations of the Tenth Annual Fair of the Minnesota State Agricultural Society, to be held at the Fair Grounds in Minneapolis, on September 28th and 29th, and October 1st and 2nd, 1868."

A splendid stock of DRY GOODS At J. B. Huntsman & Co.'s.

### DEATH OF D. A. HUNTSMAN.

It is with deep sorrow that we are called upon this week to announce the death of our much esteemed fellow citizen D. A. Huntsman. Last winter, Mr. Huntsman being in failing health, went South to seek a recovery, but remained at Cincinnati most of the time. In the spring he was joined by his brother J. B. Huntsman, who accompanied him down the Ohio and Mississippi to New Orleans, where the tidings of the unexpected death of Mrs. Huntsman (whom we announced four weeks ago) reached them, but was not communicated to Mr. Huntsman at that time as it was feared he had not the strength to endure the shock so sad and so unexpected an event would produce. They however started on their return to Shakopee, and after reaching home the news of the death of his wife was communicated to Mr. Huntsman. On Friday morning last they arrived at Shakopee, Mr. Huntsman being in too weak a condition to even stand alone. He was conveyed to his residence and had a final interview with his five small children.

Mr. Huntsman had been one of our most energetic merchants for some eight to ten years, and by his honorable and fair dealing, had become universally esteemed and respected. By his energy and probity of character he had built up a large and prosperous trade and was rapidly accumulating, not only a competency which he enjoyed, but a fortune. Last fall, his failing health diminished his of the property and necessity of abandoning the ground and perplexities of business pursuits, and seek that quiet and repose which the failing condition of his health required.

At the time of his death Mr. Huntsman was comparatively a young man, being of the age of thirty-five years, in the prime of life, and, save health, and the sad bereavement in the loss of a cherished and beloved wife, possessed of all the surroundings that make life pleasant and delightful.

The funeral services of the deceased took place on Monday evening at the English Catholic Church. The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Father Oster who preached a very fitting and appropriate sermon. The services were attended by the very high esteem in which the deceased was held, could be seen in the fact that the funeral services were attended by our people of all nationalities and religious creeds. The remains of the deceased were deposited in the Shakopee Cemetery by the side of those of his wife, and the large concourse of sympathizing friends turned away from the two graves with sad and heavy hearts.

The Shakopee Sentinel of the 15th contains an account of a hurricane in the northern part of Morrison county. It demolished the house of Mr. Hood, Mr. Hood, his wife, two children, and three men were inside the building at the time, all of whom escaped uninjured except Mr. Hood, who was dashed down with the roof, and cut a terrible gash in his head, which did not recover his senses for many hours. It is really wonderful that all in the house were not instantly killed. Two lumber wagons, which were standing in front of the house, were carried up by the whirlwind or waterspout, at least fifty feet in the air, and hung more than ten rods from where they had stood in standing. This instance of destruction carried off the roofs of several more buildings, and did much other damage to property which happened to be in its way.

ARTESIAN WELL.—About three weeks since Mr. S. Uffler, residing on the corner of 4th and Jackson streets, commenced boring for a well. The shaft was two inches wide and about 30 feet deep. At that depth the auger dropped a distance four feet, until the hands struck the ground showing that there must be some kind of a vacuum in the earth. The auger was taken out and a large volume of smoke came up at the same instant. An iron tube was inserted and soon the water commenced flowing to the surface. Now there is a beautiful stream of water from the tube supplying the family with cold water, and has some mineral quality also which is pronounced very healthily.—[Minneapolis Union]

### NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of ALDRITT & WOODFORD, must settle with J. S. Aldritt, on or before July 1st, 1868.

Shakopee, May 23, 1868.

E. F. FENDALL.

ITCH, ITCH! ITCH!! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!! SCRATCH!

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMS.

PERSONS ADVISED IN LIFE.

As far as the hand of man is able to help us with these matters, we are enabled to strengthen the body, purify the blood, purify the skin, and make it feel well. There are no cases of any disease, or the like, that cannot be cured by these remedies.

JOHN WOODWARD.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON.

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

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